

EBHUNTINGTON TEMP

From: Jack Nale [jack.nale@ggoil.com]
Sent: Tuesday, February 23, 2010 3:08 PM
To: EBHUNTINGTON TEMP
Subject: Royal Machine Oil 100
Attachments: header.htm

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

G&G Oil Co. of Indiana Inc.

Address: PO Box 71, Muncie In. 47308

Emergency Phone Number: 765-288-7795

Chemical Name and Synonyms: Petroleum Hydrocarbons and Additives

Product Name: **G&G Royal Machine Oil 100**

Generic Name: Lubricating Oil

Date Prepared/Updated: 3/4/2009

- 1-Slight
- 2-Moderate
- 3-Severe
- 4-Extreme

NFPA Codes: Fire-1 Reactivity-0 Health-1

Section 1 Ingredients	Percent	CAS#
Severly Hydrotreated Naphthenic Distillates	25-30	64742-52-5 64742-53-6
Heavy Hydrotreated Naphthenic 64742-18-3	60-70	64742-52-5
Rust and Oxidation Inhibitor Pkg (proprietary)	<1	

Section 2 Occupational Exposure Limits

OSHA		ACGIH		OTHER
PEL/TWA	PEL/CEILING	TLV/TWA	TLV/STEL	
5 mg/M ³ *	None	5 mg/M ³ *	5 mg/M ³ *	None
Oil Mist, Mineral				

Section 3 Physical Data

Specific Gravity:(H ₂ O=1)	0.865-0.879
Boiling Point ° F:	>400
Vapor Pressure: (mm Hg) 100 ° F	<0.1
Vapor Density: (Air=1)	<0.1
Solubility in Water:	Negligible
Percent, Volatile by volume:	<0.04
Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetate=1)	Slower than Ether
Appearance:	Light Yellow oil
Odor:	Typical Petroleum

Section 4 Fire and Explosion Data

Flash Point: ° F: >350
 Flammable Limits: Upper - N/A Lower - N/A
 Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical or CO₂. Do not use water.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even residue) can ignite.

Fire-fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face-piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires.

Section 5 Health Hazard Data

The health effects noted below are consistent with requirements under the OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye Contact: Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than minimally irritating to the eyes.

Skin contact: Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than mildly irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated contact may result in various skin disorders such as dermatitis, folliculitis or oil acne.

Inhalation: Inhalation of vapor (generated at high temperatures only) or oil mist from this product may result in mild irritation of the upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than slightly toxic if swallowed.

Other: None.

Section 6 Emergency First Aid Procedures

Skin: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove soiled clothing.

Eye: Flush with clean low-pressure water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove from contaminated area.

Oral: Do not induce vomiting, seek medical attention.

Additional: If any problems occur seek medical advise.

Section 7 Protection Information

Ventilation: If mist is generated, Local exhaust is suggested.

Skin; Gloves, aprons, etc., of an impervious material is suggested.

Eye Protection: Not essential for handling. Use goggles if oil is sprayed.

Other: Use soap and water to remove soil from skin. Never use gasoline, solvents or harsh abrasive cleaners.

Section 8 Reactivity

Stability: Stable **Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur

Conditions and Materials to Avoid: Avoid heat, open flames and oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on the combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulate and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, and other unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

Section 9 Environmental Protection

Spill or Leak Procedures: Lubricating Oil may burn, although not readily ignitable. Use caution judgment when cleaning up large spills. *****Large spills***** wear respirator and protective clothing as appropriate. Shut off source of leak if safe to do so. Dike and contain. Remove with vacuum trucks or pump to a storage salvage vessel. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand, or other suitable materials; Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, Local and Provincial regulations. Flush area with water to remove trace residue. *****Small Spills***** Take up with an absorbent; material and dispose of as mentioned above.

Section 10 Environmental Release

NOS Component:

None

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101

Not Applicable

Section 11 Transport Information

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Description:

Not regulated

Section 12 Toxicological Information

No data

Section 13 Ecological Information

No data

Section 14 Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) Status

TSCA (United States) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4

None

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A

None
Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2
None
Section 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65
None

Section 15 Special Precautions or Other Comments

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since empty containers retain product residues (Vapor, Liquid, and/or Solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.

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